

# DBI for Computer Security: Uses and Comparative

Juan Antonio Artal<sup>†</sup>, **Ricardo J. Rodríguez<sup>†</sup>**, José Merseguer<sup>‡</sup>

☺ All wrongs reversed

jaartal@gmail.com, rjrodriguez@fi.upm.es, jmerse@unizar.es

@RicardoJRdez \* www.ricardojrodriguez.es



<sup>†</sup>Universidad Politécnica de Madrid  
Madrid, Spain



**Universidad**  
Zaragoza

<sup>‡</sup>Universidad de Zaragoza  
Zaragoza, Spain

June 21th, 2013

**3<sup>rd</sup> Edition of Hack in Paris**  
Sequoia Lodge Hotel, Disneyland Paris

# \$whoami



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- **CLS member** since early beginnings (2000)
- **Ph.D.student at University of Zaragoza**
- Working currently for Technical University of Madrid
  - Performance analysis of complex systems
  - Secure software engineering
  - Fault-Tolerant systems (design and analysis)
  - Malware analysis (techniques and relative stuff)
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- My Ph.D. viva is next Monday! Cross fingers!! 😊



# Development Code License

- **GPL v3**  
(<http://gplv3.fsf.org/>)
- **Intel Open Source License**  
(<http://opensource.org/licenses/intel-open-source-license.html>)
- Specified in each source file

## Source available at

<http://webdiis.unizar.es/~ricardo/files/HIP2013.tar.gz>  
(VS2008 project + this slides)



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no add-ons... trust me 😊



# Outline

- 1 An Introduction to DBI
  - What (the hell) is Dynamic Binary Instrumentation (DBI)?
  - How does DBI work?
  - Uses of DBI in Computer Security
- 2 DBI Frameworks
  - DBI Framework: What is?
  - Types of DBI frameworks
  - Analysis and Comparative
- 3 Applying DBI to Computer Security...
  - Developing DBAs with Pin: Pintools
  - DBI vulnerability search
  - Taint analysis
  - Reverse Engineering
- 4 Conclusions and Acknowledgments

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# DBI: What is? (I)

## DBI: Dynamic Binary Instrumentation

### Main Words

<b>Instrumentation</b>	??
<b>Dynamic</b>	??
<b>Binary</b>	??

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# DBI: What is? (II)

## Instrumentation?

### Instrumentation

- “Being able to **observe, monitor and modify the behaviour** of a computer program” (Gal Diskin)
- **Arbitrary addition of code** in executables to collect some information

# DBI: What is? (II)

## Instrumentation?

### Instrumentation

- “Being able to **observe, monitor and modify the behaviour** of a computer program” (Gal Diskin)
- **Arbitrary addition of code** in executables to collect some information
- Analyse and control **everything around an executable code**
  - Collect some information
  - Arbitrary code insertion



# DBI: What is? (III)

**Instrumentation** ??  
**Dynamic** ??  
**Binary** ??

# DBI: What is? (III)

**Instrumentation**    What is happening. . .  
**Dynamic**            ??  
**Binary**              ??

# DBI: What is? (III)

**Instrumentation**    What is happening. . .  
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# DBI: What is? (IV)

Dynamic?

## Code analysis

- **Static**
  - BEFORE execution
  - All possible execution paths are explored → not extremely good for performance
- **Dynamic**
  - DURING the execution
  - Just one execution path (it may depend on the input data!)

# DBI: What is? (V)

**Instrumentation**  
**Dynamic**  
**Binary**

What is happening. . .

??

??

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??

# DBI: What is? (IV)

## Binary?

### Dynamic analysis

- **Source code available**
  - Source code
  - Compiler
- **No source code** (common case 😊)
  - Binary
    - Static (i.e., creating a new binary – with extras)
    - Dynamic
  - Environment
    - Emulation
    - Virtual
  - Debugging



# DBI: What is? (VI)

**Instrumentation**  
**Dynamic**  
**Binary**

What is happening...  
DURING the execution...  
??

# DBI: What is? (VI)

**Instrumentation**  
**Dynamic**  
**Binary**

What is happening...  
DURING the execution...  
of a binary (executable)...

# DBI: What is? (VII)

## DBI advantages

### Binary instrumentation: advantages

- Programming language (totally) **independent**
- **Machine-mode** vision
- We can instrument **proprietary software**

# DBI: What is? (VII)

## DBI advantages

### Binary instrumentation: advantages

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### Dynamic Instrumentation: advantages

- **No need to recompile/relink** each time
- Allow to find **on-the-fly** code
- **Dynamically generated** code
- Allow to instrument **a process in execution already** (*attach*)

# DBI: What is? (IIX)

## DBI disadvantages

### Main disadvantages

- **Overhead** (by the instrumentation during execution)
- **↓ performance** (analyst hopelessness!)

# How does DBI work? (I)

- Recall: arbitrary code addition during the execution of a binary



**Running code**

# How does DBI work? (I)

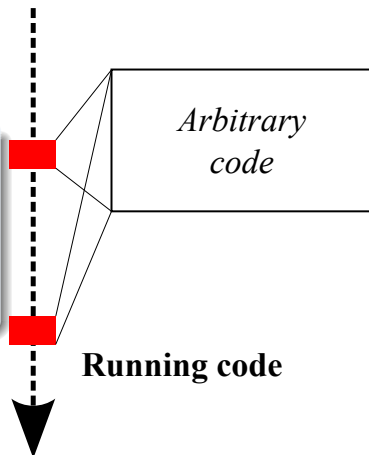
- Recall: **arbitrary code addition during the execution of a binary**
- What do I insert? → **instrumentation function**

*Arbitrary  
code*

**Running code**

# How does DBI work? (I)

- Recall: **arbitrary code addition during the execution of a binary**
- What do I insert? → **instrumentation function**
- Where? → **addition places**



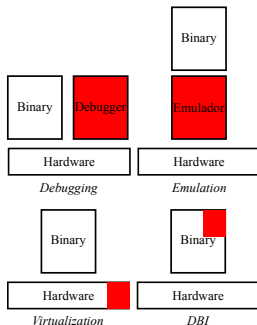


# How does DBI work? (II)

Placing DBI in the context of dynamic analysis

## Definition (informal)

- Executable transformation
- Total control over execution
- No need of architectural support



- **Virtualization**
  - Total control?
- **Emulation**
  - Executable transformation
- **Debugging**
  - Architectural support (a must. . .)

# Uses of DBI in Computer Security (I)

Non security-related uses

- Code coverage and metrics

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## Security-related uses

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- **Vulnerability detection**



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- **Privacy monitoring**

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- Reverse Engineering
- Privacy monitoring
- **Sandboxing**

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## Security-related uses

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- Vulnerability detection
- Test cases / fuzzing generation
- Advance monitoring (NSA way)
- Reverse Engineering
- Privacy monitoring
- Sandboxing
- . . .

# Uses of DBI in Computer Security (III)

Some security tools that use DBI...

- Vulnerability search
  - SAGE (Microsoft)
  - Sogetis
  - Fuzzgrind
- Avalanche
- Determine
- Pincov
- Taintdroid
- VERA
- TraceSurfer
- ...

# Uses of DBI in Computer Security (IV)

Its popularity is *in crescendo* (1)

- **Covert Debugging: Circumventing Software Armoring**, D. Quist & Valsmith, BH USA 2007/DefCon 15
- **Generic Unpacking of Self-modifying, Aggressive, Packed Binary Programs** (P. Bania, CoRR abs/0905.4581 2009)
- **Tarte Tatin Tools: a set of plugins for malware analysis with Pin**, (D. Reynaud, DeepSec 2009)
- **Dynamic Binary Instrumentation for Deobfuscation and Unpacking** (J-Y. Marion & D. Reynaud, DeepSec 2009)
- **Dumping Shellcode with Pin** (S. Porst, Zynamics 2010)
- **Binary Instrumentation for Security Professionals** (G. Diskin, BH USA 2011)
- **Shellcode Analysis using Dynamic Binary Instrumentation** (D. Radu & B. Dang, CARO 2011)



# Uses of DBI in Computer Security (V)

Its popularity is *in crescendo* (2)

- **Hacking using Dynamic Binary Instrumentation** (G. Diskin, HITB 2012 AMS)
- **Improving Unpacking Process using DBI techniques** (R.J. Rodríguez, RootedCON 2012)
- **Improving Software Security with Dynamic Binary Instrumentation** (R. Johnson, InfoSec Southwest 2012)
- **Vulnerability Analysis and Practical Data Flow Analysis & Visualization** (J.W. Oh, CanSecWest 2012)
- **Light and Dark side of Code Instrumentation** (D. Evdokimov, CONFidence 2012)
- **Dynamic Binary Instrumentation Frameworks: I know you're there spying on me** (F. Falcon & N. Riva, RECon 2012)

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# DBI Framework: What is? (I)

- Provide a bunch of APIs for tool development
- DBA: Dynamic Binary Analysis tool
- DBAs types:
  - Light-weight
  - Heavy-weight (the use intermediate code)

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- Provide a bunch of APIs for tool development
- DBA: Dynamic Binary Analysis tool
- DBAs types:
  - Light-weight
  - Heavy-weight (the use intermediate code)
- Main components
  - Core: just-in-time (JIT) compiler
    - Controls execution of a binary
  - Library (this is your own developed tool)
    - Where?
    - What?

\$ < *DBI\_fw\_core* > < *myLibrary* > < *binaryToInstrument* >

# DBI Framework: What is? (II)

## Use modes (most common)

- **JIT**
  - Modification of a (small) set of instructions before executing them
  - More robust
  - Good way for repetitive behaviour binaries (e.g., loops)
- **Probe**
  - Memory patching
  - Less overhead (it executes native code)
  - **Not supported by all DBI fws.**

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## Granularity

Instruction	Basic Block	Superblock	Trace	Routine	Image
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Instruction	Basic Block	Superblock	Trace	Routine	Image
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→ Some not supported in some DBI fws...

# Types of DBI frameworks (I)

## DB fws *in the wild*

Pin  
Valgrind  
DynamoRIO

DynInst  
Dtrace  
Systemtap

HDtrans



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Mmm... what is the *much* better?

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## DB fws *in the wild*

Pin	DynInst	
Valgrind	Dtrace	HDtrans
DynamoRIO	Systemap	

Mmm... what is the *much* better?

## Selection criteria

- Software **being maintained**
- License gives **access to the source code**
- **Free**
- **API provided**
- O.S. and common infrastructure

# Types of DBI frameworks (II)

Differences y similarities



## Characteristics

- Ph.D. thesis, Univ. Cambridge
- Source code available (GNU GPL v2)
- Heavy-weight DBAs (using VEX IR as intermediate code)
- <http://www.valgrind.org>

Instruction Basic block Superblock Trace Routine Image

Framework	Version	Supported Arch.	O.S.	Granularity
Valgrind	3.8.1 (18/09/2012)	Arm, PowerPC, s390, x86, x64	Android, OSX, Linux	I S

# Types of DBI frameworks (II)

Differences y similarities




## Characteristics

- Intel
- Source code available (but proprietary license)
- It allows to attach a process in execution
- <http://www.pintool.org/>

Instruction **B**asic block **S**uperblock **T**race **R**outine **I**Mage

Framework	Version	Supported Arch.	O.S.	Granularity
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<b>Pin</b>	2.12 (10/10/2012)	Arm, IA-64, x86, x64	Windows, Linux	I B T R M

# Types of DBI frameworks (II)

## Differences y similarities



### Characteristics

- MIT, HP, Google
- Source code available (BSD-2)
- Really good docs
- <http://www.dynamorio.org/>

Instruction Basic block Superblock Trace Routine Image

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<b>DynamoRIO</b>	3.2.0-3 (01/03/2012)	x86, x64	Windows, Linux	I B T

# Types of DBI frameworks (II)

## Differences y similarities



### Similarities

- Injected code in C/C++
- No need of having the source code of binary to be instrumented
- GNU/Linux x86

Instruction Basic block Superblock Trace Routine Image

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## DBA tool for comparative

- Counting executed instructions
- Two granularities: instruction and basic block

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## Comparative Aim

- Evaluate the performance of selected DBI fws.
- *Slowdown*:  $\frac{t_{instrumented}}{t_{no\_instrumented}}$



# DBI frameworks comparative (I)

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## Diving into the APIs

- **Pin:** ↑ Documentation, ↑↑ Examples, ↑ Tutorials
- **DynamoRIO:** ↑↑ Documentation, ↑ Examples, ↑ Tutorials
- **Valgrind:** ↓ Documentation, ↓ Examples, ↓ Tutorials

# DBI frameworks comparative (II)

## Experimental settings

- **Hardware**
  - Intel Core2 Duo 2GHz 667MHz, 2GiB DDR2, HDD 120GB
- **Software**
  - Fedora Core 14 32bits, gcc 4.5.1, GNU Fortran 4.5.1, r3

# DBI frameworks comparative (II)

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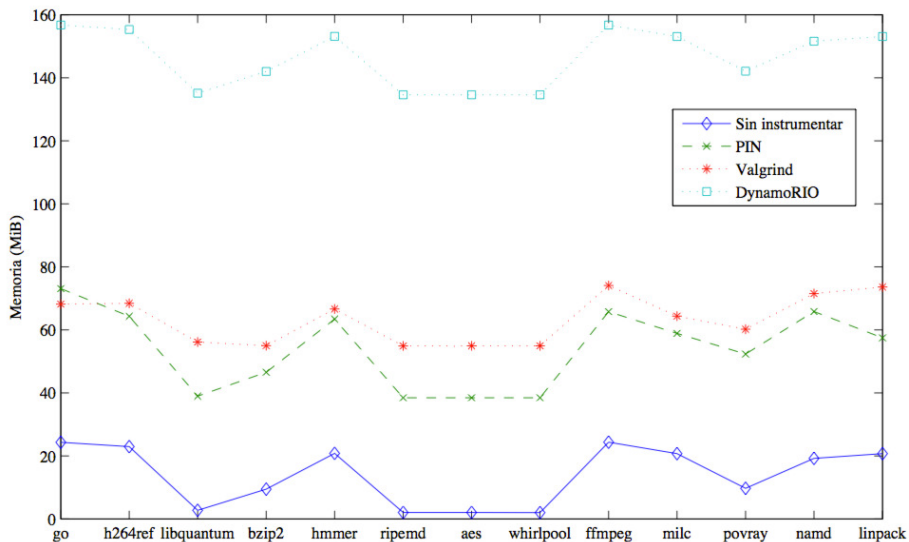
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## Benchmark

- **Own benchmark created for the comparative**
- **Considered benchmarks (e.g., SPEC) discarded**
- **Different categories:**
  - Integer computation
  - Float computation
  - I/O
  - Use of memory

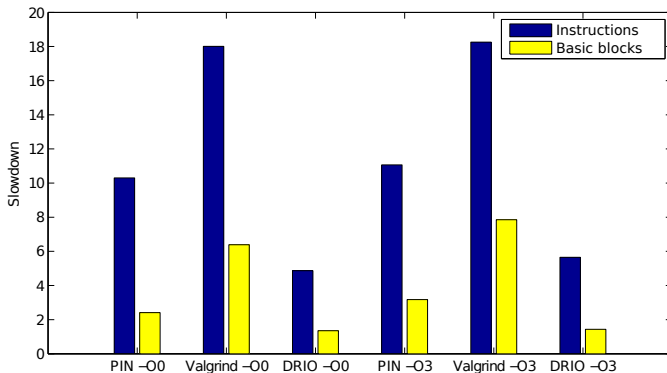
# DBI frameworks comparative (III): Results (1)

Average of memory consumption



# DBI frameworks comparative (III): Results (2)

*Slowdown by instrumentations*



# DBI frameworks comparative (III): Results (3)

## Conclusions

- ✓ Running optimised code or (int/float) computation → **DynamoRIO**
- ✗ Slower solution → **Valgrind**
  - **Memory consumption**
    - ✓ ↓ Pin
    - ✗ ↑ DynamoRIO

## Some funny things discovered during the research...

- **No. of instructions** differs among the DBI fws. → each one starts in a different point
- Bug detected when **80-bit numbers rounding in 32 and 64 bits archs. (Valgrind)**
  - Already reported :( ([https://bugs.kde.org/show\\_bug.cgi?id=19791](https://bugs.kde.org/show_bug.cgi?id=19791))

# DBI frameworks comparative (III): Results (4)

## Technical Report

- **Estudio comparativo de frameworks de Instrumentación Dinámica de Ejecutables** (J.A. Artal)
  - Fro Spanish guys. . . (we should write some paper soon on this)

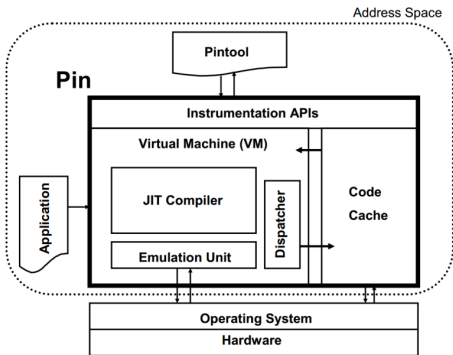
[http://webdiis.unizar.es/~ricardo/files/PFC.Estudio.Frameworks.DBI/Memoria\\_PFC\\_EstudioDBI.pdf](http://webdiis.unizar.es/~ricardo/files/PFC.Estudio.Frameworks.DBI/Memoria_PFC_EstudioDBI.pdf)

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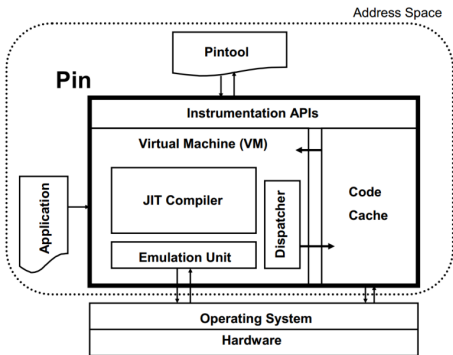


# Developing DBAs with Pin: Pintools (I)



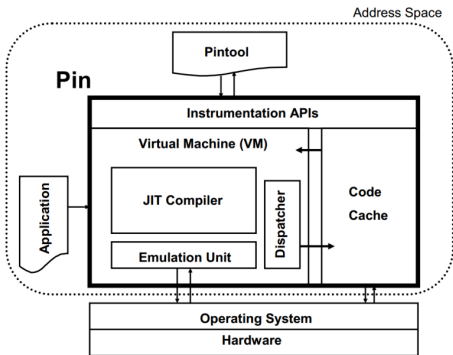
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- **VM + code cache + API instrumentation**
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# Developing DBAs with Pin: Pintools (I)



- **VM + code cache + API instrumentation**
- DBA → Pintool
- **VM: JIT + emulator + dispatcher**
  - 1 JIT compiles and instruments the binary code
  - 2 Launched by the dispatcher
  - 3 Stored in code cache
- Works on the O.S.: *user-space*

# Developing DBAs with Pin: Pintools (II)

An example: `inscount.cpp`

```
#include "pin.H"

//Instruction counter
static UINT64 icount = 0;

// Called before every instruction is executed
VOID docount() { icount++; }

// Called every time a new instruction is encountered
VOID Instruction(INS ins, VOID *v){
    // Insert a call to docount before every instruction, no arguments are passed
    INS_InsertCall(ins, IPOINT_BEFORE, (AFUNPTR)docount, IARG_END);
}

// Called when the application exits
VOID Fini(INT32 code, VOID *v){
    std::cout << "Count " << icount << endl;
}

int main(int argc, char * argv[]){
    PIN_Init(argc, argv);
    INS_AddInstrumentFunction(Instruction, 0);
    PIN_AddFiniFunction(Fini, 0);
    PIN_StartProgram(); // no returns
    return 0;
}
```

# DBI vulnerability search (I): Double Free

Demo: DoubleFreeDBA.dll

## Vulnerability description

- **CWE-415** (<http://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/415.html>)
- Call `free()` with the same `@` → **corrupt memory**
- *“Doubly freeing memory may result in a write-what-where condition, allowing an attacker to execute arbitrary code”*

## DBA developed with Pin (DoubleFreeDBA.dll)

- **Where?**
  - APIs `RtlAllocateHeap` (after), `RtlAllocateFree` (before)
- **What?**
  - `RtlAllocateHeap`: keeps returned `@` in a list
  - `RtlAllocateFree`: removes `@` from list, and reports if not found!

# DBI vulnerability search (I): Double Free

Demo: DoubleFreeDBA.dll

## Vulnerability description

- **CWE-415** (<http://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/415.html>)
- Call `free()` with the same `@` → **corrupt memory**
- *“Doubly freeing memory may result in a write-what-where condition, allowing an attacker to execute arbitrary code”*

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- **What?**
  - `RtlAllocateHeap`: keeps returned `@` in a list
  - `RtlAllocateFree`: removes `@` from list, and reports if not found!

**Friendly reminder:** Make a demo...

# DBI vulnerability search (II): Buffer Overflow (1)

Demo: BufferOverflowDBA.dll

## Vulnerability description

- **CWE-120** (<http://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/120.html>)
- Copy a buffer without restrictions → **arbitrary code execution**
- *“Buffer overflows often can be used to execute arbitrary code [...]. Buffer overflows generally lead to crashes [...].”*

## DBA developed with Pin (BufferOverflowDBA.dll)

- Works around **scanf**
- **Where?** → API scanf (before)
- **What?**
  - Checks parameters seeking buffers without limits
- Improvements: extend to other vulnerable APIs (e.g., strcpy)

# DBI vulnerability search (II): Buffer Overflow (1)

Demo: BufferOverflowDBA.dll

## Vulnerability description

- **CWE-120** (<http://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/120.html>)
- Copy a buffer without restrictions → **arbitrary code execution**
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- **Where?** → API scanf (before)
- **What?**
  - Checks parameters seeking buffers without limits
- Improvements: extend to other vulnerable APIs (e.g., strcpy)

**Friendly reminder:** Make a demo...



# DBI vulnerability search (II): Buffer Overflow (2)

Demo: ProtectRetAddrDBA.dll

## Vulnerability description

- **CWE-120** (<http://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/120.html>)
- Copy a buffer without restrictions → **arbitrary code execution**
- *“Buffer overflows often can be used to execute arbitrary code [...]. Buffer overflows generally lead to crashes [...].”*

## DBA developed with Pin (ProtectRetAddrDBA.dll)

- **Where?** → every CALL (before) o RETN (before) in .text section
- **What?**
  - CALL → stores legitimate return address ( $EIP + size(CALL)$ )
  - RETN → checks if retn address is in the list...
- Detected 6 retn changes in ntdll.dll library!!

# DBI vulnerability search (II): Buffer Overflow (2)

Demo: ProtectRetAddrDBA.dll

## Vulnerability description

- **CWE-120** (<http://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/120.html>)
- Copy a buffer without restrictions → **arbitrary code execution**
- *“Buffer overflows often can be used to execute arbitrary code [...]. Buffer overflows generally lead to crashes [...].”*

## DBA developed with Pin (ProtectRetAddrDBA.dll)

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**Friendly reminder:** Make a demo...

# DBI vulnerability search (III): Taint analysis

Demo: TaintAnalysisDBA.dll

## DBA developed with Pin (TaintAnalysisDBA.dll)

- Taint analysis of scanf parameters
- Where? → API scanf (after)
- What?
  - Trace all registers/memory zones contaminated from the input data

# DBI vulnerability search (III): Taint analysis

Demo: TaintAnalysisDBA.dll

## DBA developed with Pin (TaintAnalysisDBA.dll)

- Taint analysis of scanf parameters
- Where? → API scanf (after)
- What?
  - Trace all registers/memory zones contaminated from the input data

**Friendly reminder:** Make a demo...

# DBI vulnerability search (IV): Reverse Engineering

Demo: EasyPasswordDBA.dll – very naif example

## DBA developed with Pin (EasyPasswordDBA.dll)

- Seeking for the correct key
- Hook when calling to string comparison `lstrcmpA`
- Where?
  - API `lstrcmpA` (before)
- What?
  - Log all function parameters

# DBI vulnerability search (IV): Reverse Engineering

Demo: EasyPasswordDBA.dll – very naif example

## DBA developed with Pin (EasyPasswordDBA.dll)

- Seeking for the correct key
- Hook when calling to string comparison `lstrcmpA`
- Where?
  - API `lstrcmpA` (before)
- What?
  - Log all function parameters
- This is not longer valid for current apps... isn't it? 😊

# DBI vulnerability search (IV): Reverse Engineering

Demo: EasyPasswordDBA.dll – very naif example

## DBA developed with Pin (EasyPasswordDBA.dll)

- Seeking for the correct key
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- This is not longer valid for current apps... *isn't it?* 😊

**Friendly reminder:** Make a demo...

# Outline

- 1 An Introduction to DBI
  - What (the hell) is Dynamic Binary Instrumentation (DBI)?
  - How does DBI work?
  - Uses of DBI in Computer Security
- 2 DBI Frameworks
  - DBI Framework: What is?
  - Types of DBI frameworks
  - Analysis and Comparative
- 3 Applying DBI to Computer Security...
  - Developing DBAs with Pin: Pintools
  - DBI vulnerability search
  - Taint analysis
  - Reverse Engineering
- 4 Conclusions and Acknowledgments



# Conclusions

- DBI frameworks: fast and easy development → **high potential**
- **NO need of (too much) advanced O.S. programming knowledge**
  - We can focus in **what really matters**: our DBA tool
- Disadvantages:
  - **DBI API knowledge**
  - **Execution time**

## Recall about the DBI fws. comparison. . .

- ✓ Running optimised code or (int/float) computation → **DynamoRIO**
- ✗ Slower solution → **Valgrind**
  - **Memory consumption**
    - ✓ ↓ Pin
    - ✗ ↑ DynamoRIO

# Acknowledgments

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- Francisco Falcon & Nahuel Riva
- CrackLatinoS (CLS)
- Hack in Paris staff, thank you guys & gals!

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- Hack in Paris staff, thank you guys & gals!
- **To you for hearing me stoically...**

# DBI for Computer Security: Uses and Comparative

Juan Antonio Artal<sup>†</sup>, **Ricardo J. Rodríguez**<sup>†</sup>, José Merseguer<sup>‡</sup>

☺ All wrongs reversed

jaartal@gmail.com, rjrodriguez@fi.upm.es, jmerse@unizar.es

@RicardoJRdez \* www.ricardojrodriguez.es



<sup>†</sup>Universidad Politécnica de Madrid  
Madrid, Spain



**Universidad**  
Zaragoza

<sup>‡</sup>Universidad de Zaragoza  
Zaragoza, Spain

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**3<sup>rd</sup> Edition of Hack in Paris**  
Sequoia Lodge Hotel, Disneyland Paris